## **Practice Test for Math Placement Test**

- 1. Solve this equation for x:  $x = 2 + \sqrt{2 x}$
- 2. The solution set of (x-1)(x+3)(x-4) > 0 is \_\_\_\_\_.
- 3. Find the vertex of the parabola  $y = -x^2 + 6x 5$  and state whether it is a maximum or minimum.
- 4. Find the solution set to the following:  $x^2 + 3x 3 = 0$ .
- 5. Solve the system: 2x y = 46x + 3y = 24
- 6. A line parallel to  $y = \frac{1}{5}x$  through the point  $\left(-4, -\frac{29}{5}\right)$  is \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- 7. Solve for y:  $\frac{3}{y-2} + \frac{y+2}{2} = \frac{y^2+2}{y+3}$ .
- 8.  $\frac{x^4 + 5x^3 5}{x^2 3}$  gives a remainder of \_\_\_\_\_.
- 9. Is  $x^2 + y^2 = 9$  a function?
- 10. Given f(x) = |x|, determine if f(x) is even, odd, or neither, and if f(x) is increasing or decreasing.
- 11. If  $f(x) = \sqrt{x+1}$  then the domain of f(x) is \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- 12. Given the set  $\{(1,2),(2,2),(3,1)\}$ , find the domain of the inverse of this set, and tell if the inverse is a function.
- 13. The solution set of |2x+7| < 21 is \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- 14.  $\pi$  belongs to which of the following sets: integers, rational numbers, irrational numbers, real numbers.
- 15. The product (8+3i)(4-7i) =\_\_\_\_\_.
- 16.  $(-27)^{2/3} \div (81)^{1/2} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$

17. Solve this system for *y*:

$$2x + y + z = 7$$

$$x + 3y + z = 10$$

$$x + y + 4z = 15$$

- 18. Solve the following for x:  $4x^2 5x 12 = 0$ .
- 19.  $[A^{2/3}]^{3/2}^{1/2}$  is *A* to what power?

## **Answer Key**

1. x = 2 (1 is an extraneous solution)

2. 
$$(-3,1) \cup (4,\infty)$$

3. (3,4), maximum

$$4. \qquad \left(\frac{-3 \pm \sqrt{21}}{2}\right)$$

5. 
$$(x, y) = (3,2)$$

6. 
$$y = \frac{1}{5}x - 5$$

7. 
$$y = 7$$

8. 
$$15x + 4$$

10. f(x) is an even function and is increasing on  $[0,\infty)$  and decreasing on  $(-\infty,0]$ .

11. 
$$\{x | x \ge -1\}$$

12. The domain of the inverse is  $\{1,2\}$  and the inverse is not a function.

13. 
$$-14 < x < 7$$

14. Irrational numbers and real numbers

15. 
$$53-44i$$

17. 
$$y = 2$$

18. 
$$\frac{5 \pm \sqrt{217}}{8}$$

19. 
$$\frac{1}{2}$$